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Nele Pauwels (Information Specialist at the Knowledge Center for Health Ghent)



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CONTENT

Ensure Quality of Your Research Paper



Select your Target Journal



Increase your Research Visibility





Work organization and mental health problems in PhD students

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6247

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- 3011 Mendeley

SUMMARY

News

Blogs

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Title Work organization and mental health problems in PhD students

Published in Research Policy, May 2017

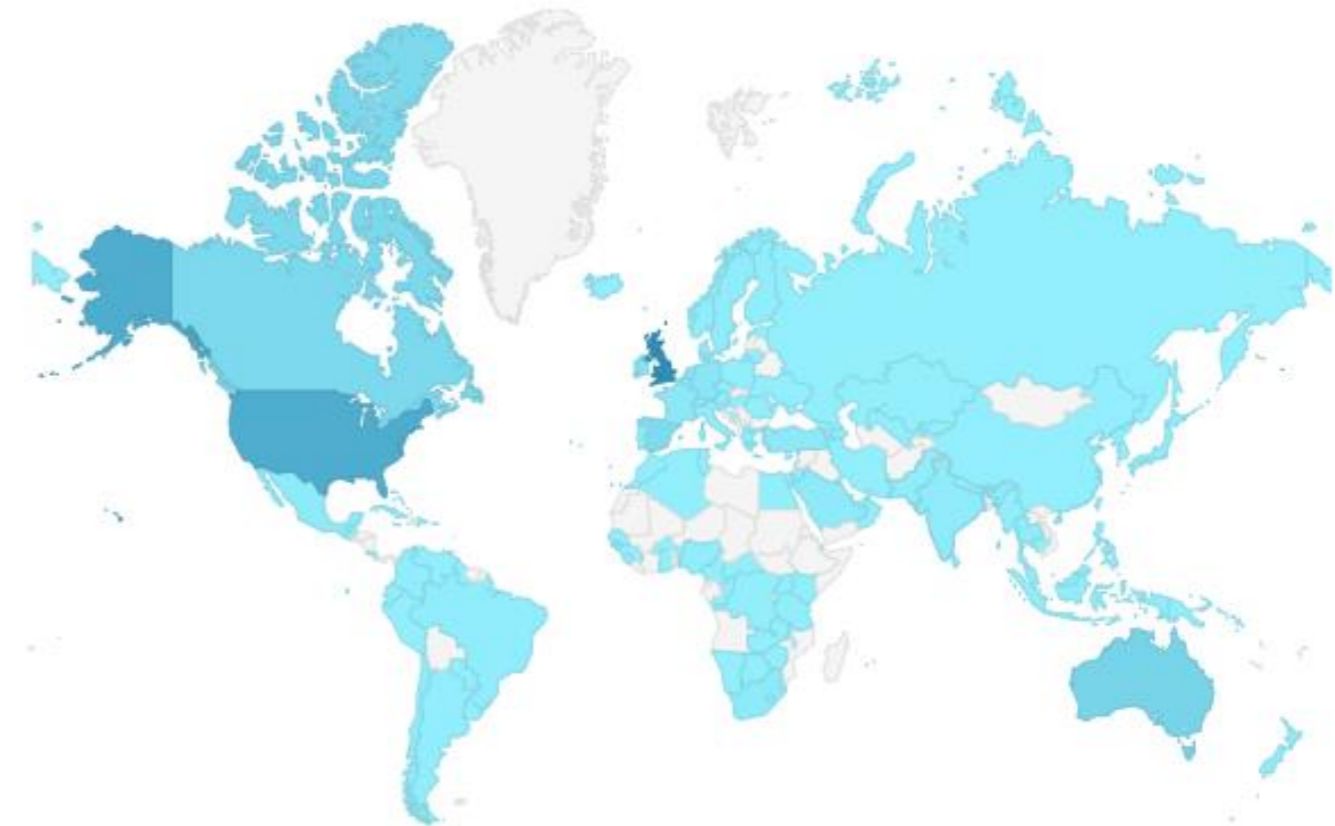
DOI 10.1016/j.respol.2017.02.008

Authors Katia Levecque, Frederik Anseel, Alain De Beuckelaer, Johan Van der Heyden, Lydia Gisle

TWITTER DEMOGRAPHICS

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Source: [Altmetric Explorer](#)

Work organization and mental health problems in PhD students

By: Levecque, K (Levecque, Katia) [1], [2]; Anseel, F (Anseel, Frederik) [1], [2], [3]; De Beuckelaer, A (De Beuckelaer, Alain) [1], [4], [5]; Van der Heyden, J (Van der Heyden, Johan) [6], [7]; Gislef, L (Gislef, Lydia) [6]

Hide Web of Science ResearcherID and ORCID (provided by Clarivate)

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De Beuckelaer, Alain^{a, d, e} ✉ ; Van der Heyden, Johan^{f, g} ✉ ;

Gisle, Lydia^f ✉

Save all to author list

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^b ECOOM, Henri Dunantlaan 2, Ghent, 9000, Belgium

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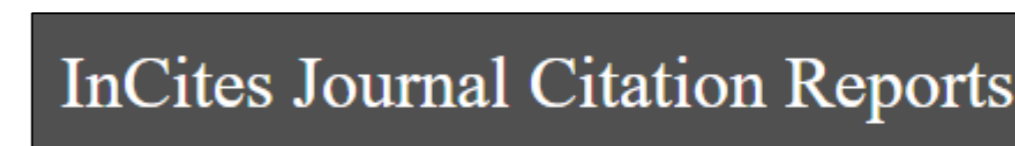
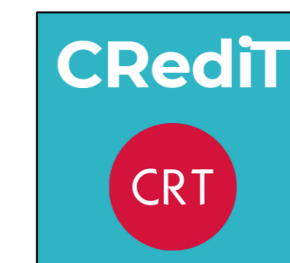
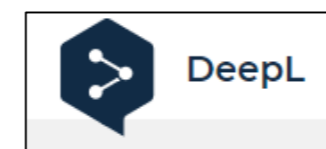
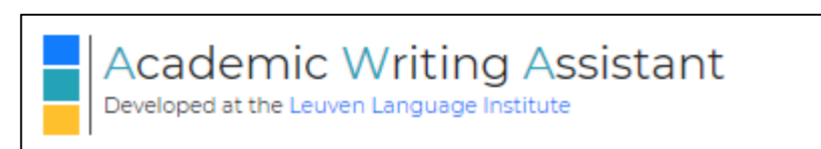
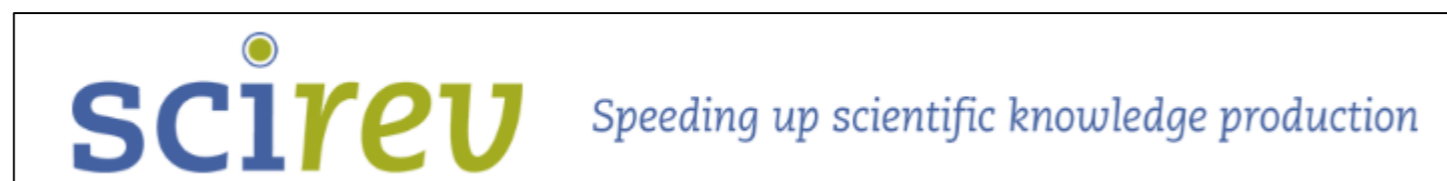
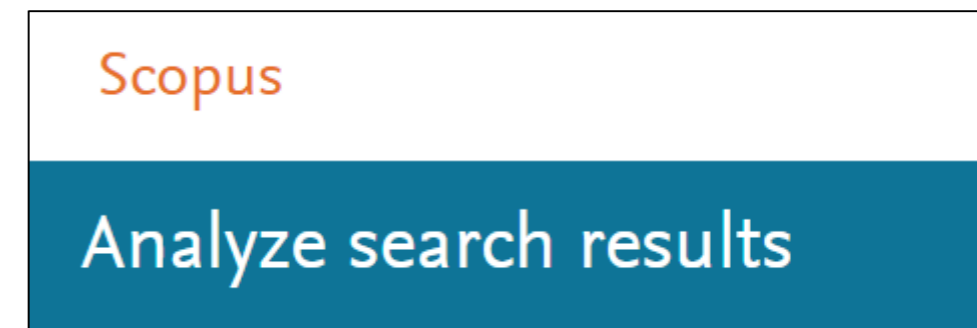
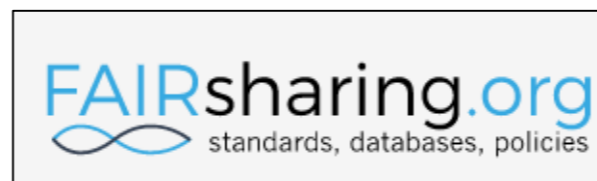


TIPS AND TRICKS FOR FACILITATING THE PROCESS TOWARDS PUBLICATION

- (1) Make a planning;
- (2) make clear agreements about roles (and therefore authorship)
- (3) keep control over the writing
- (4) ensure complete reporting;
- (5) make use of reference management software;
- (6) finish carefully before submission
- (7) select the right journal
- (8) carefully follow the journal's instructions ('Author guidelines')
- (9) react quickly after a rejection;
- (10) take into account all suggestions and remarks made by the peer reviewers and/or editor;
- (11) respond to every suggestion and remark ('Answers to the comments of the reviewers')
- (12) seek input from authors and other colleagues during revision.

Cook, D. A. (2016). Twelve tips for getting your manuscript published. *Medical teacher*, 38(1), 41-50.

TOOLS AND SOURCES



REPORTING GUIDELINES BY DESIGN

Design	Reporting guidelines
Guidelines	AGREE
Systematic review (and meta-analysis)	PRISMA 2020 statement, checklist en flow diagram PRISMA-P (PRISMA for protocols) PRISMA-A (PRISMA for abstract)
Scoping review	PRISMA for scoping reviews
RCT	CONSORT statement
Study protocols	SPIRIT
Health Economic Evaluations	CHEERS
Cohort, case-control or cross-sectionale study	STROBE statement
Case reports	CARE
Animal research (pre-clinical)	ARRIVE
Qualitative research	SRQR / COREQ (interviews and focus groups)

More on [EQUATOR Network](#)

REPORTING GUIDELINES BY EXPERIMENT

Experiment	Rapportagechecklist (cf. minimal reporting standards)
Microarray experiment	MIAME guidelines published by the Functional Genomics Data Society (FGED)
Particle Tracking experiments	MIAPTE guidelines [in development]

More on [Fairsharing.org](https://www.fairsharing.org)



Microarray experiments

Reports of microarray experiments should conform to the [MIAME guidelines](#) published by the Functional Genomics Data Society (FGED), and the data from the experiments must be deposited in a publicly accessible database.

Biological and biomedical research

We recommend that authors refer to the [FAIRsharing Portal](#) for prescriptive checklists for reporting biological and biomedical research where applicable.

PROTOCOL REGISTRATION

Laboratory protocol

PLOS has partnered with protocols.io, an independent Open Access platform, to facilitate the communication of laboratory methodological details to increase reproducibility. We recommend depositing **laboratory protocols** at protocols.io. Read the [methods guidelines](#) for details.

Protocol clinical trial

Registering clinical trials

All trials submitted to PLOS must be entered in a publicly accessible registry approved by the WHO or ICMJE. [See the list of approved registries](#).

PLOS journals consider prospective trial registration (that is, registration before participant enrollment has begun) to be best publication practice, as recommended by the ICMJE. Clinical trials that began to enroll participants before ICMJE recommendations took effect on July 1, 2005 may be retrospectively registered.

Protocol systematic reviews (and meta-analysis)

We support the prospective registration of systematic reviews. Authors whose systematic review was prospectively registered (e.g., in a registry such as [PROSPERO](#)) should also provide the registry number in their abstract. Registry details and protocols will be made available to editors and reviewers, and included alongside the paper for readers if the report is ultimately published.

PROOFREADING / WRITING ASSISTANT

University Language Centre (not for free)

Academic Writing Assistant (KU Leuven and UGent) (free)

The screenshot displays the 'Academic Writing Assistant' interface. At the top left, it says 'Academic Writing Assistant' and 'Developed at the Leuven Language Institute'. At the top right is the 'KU LEUVEN' logo. The interface is divided into a left sidebar and a main content area. The sidebar has two tabs: 'Text review' (selected) and 'Vocabulary resources'. Under 'Text review', there are sections for 'LANGUAGE ISSUES' (with links for Spellchecker UK, Spellchecker US, Language errors, Tense use, and Adverb Position), 'COHERENCE AND COHESION' (with links for Readability, Sentence length, Paragraphing, Reference, Linking words and phrases, and Recurring words and patterns), and 'STYLE' (with links for Personal language and Informal language). At the bottom of the sidebar is a 'Log Out User' link. The main content area is titled 'Sentence length' and shows a progress bar indicating that the average number of words per sentence is 9. Below the progress bar, it states that the average sentence length in scientific texts is 18 to 25 words. A list of bullet points provides advice: 'An average sentence length below 18 words could create a disjointed style. All sentences shorter than 10 words have been indicated in this colour. Use short sentences to emphasise important points. In other cases, consider linking them to other sentences. For more information on how to link short sentences, click here.' and 'Texts with an average sentence length of more than 25 words are often difficult to read. All sentences longer than 35 words have been indicated in this colour. Check whether it would not be better to split or shorten the sentence.' A green bar with a checkmark and the text 'Processed' is visible. Below this, a sample text is shown with several sentences highlighted in blue, indicating they are shorter than 10 words. The sample text discusses medical university libraries in Belgium and the impact of budgetary restrictions on library education.

DeepL (free version)

AUTHORSHIP GUIDELINES @ YOUR FACULTY

Authorship guidelines of the Faculty of Economics and Business Administration

(approved by the Faculty Council of March 21st 2018)

This document provides a number of guidelines regarding the authorship of scientific publications for the Faculty of Economics and Business Administration. The guidelines reflect (1) policy recommendations in accordance with the faculty's and university's research policy, (2) best practices that were distilled from the response of a faculty-wide survey of the research groups active in the research disciplines represented in the faculty and (3) wishes and complaints of the assisting academic and scientific staff.

The author guidelines that the document offers must be interpreted as such. These are guidelines that can guide the behaviour regarding authorship in the direction the faculty considers desirable. Its application is fully endorsed by both the Scientific Research Committee and the Well-being at Work Committee.


The faculty guidelines are published on the faculty website and communicated to all members and students of the faculty who are involved in scientific research.

This document will be signed by the PhD student and his/her supervisors at the start of a PhD project.

More @ [Onderzoektips.ugent.be](https://onderzoektips.ugent.be)

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Details

Publication Type: Journal Article

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Role
8 of 16 selected

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- Last author
- Conceptualization
- Data curation
- Formal analysis
- Funding acquisition
- Investigation
- Methodology
- Project administration
- Resources
- Software
- Supervision
- Validation
- Visualization
- Writing - original draft
- Writing - review & editing

Title *
e.g. The implications of eBook

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e.g. Manuel de publication

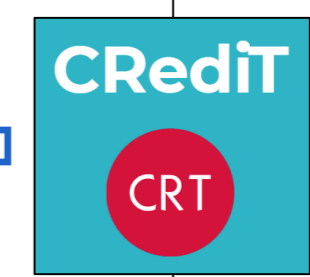
Department
Knowledge Centre for Health C
Ghent University Hospital (UZ)

Project
Start typing, or use (arrow down)

Journal Title *
e.g. Nature Genetics

Publication Short Title
e.g. Phys Rev D

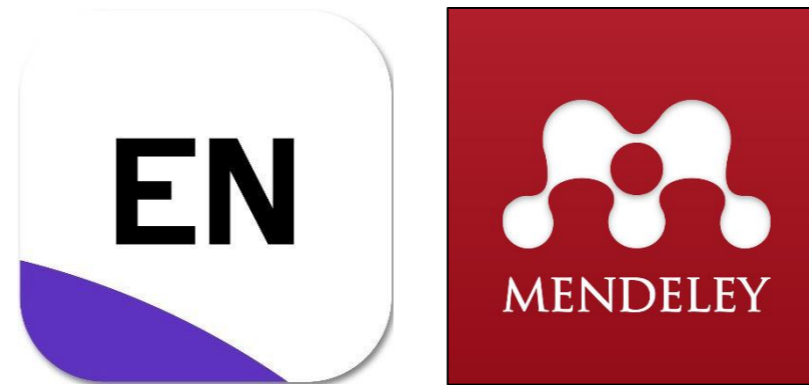
DOI
e.g. 10.7484/INSPIREHEP.DA



REFERENCE MANAGEMENT SOFTWARE

Reference software functions:

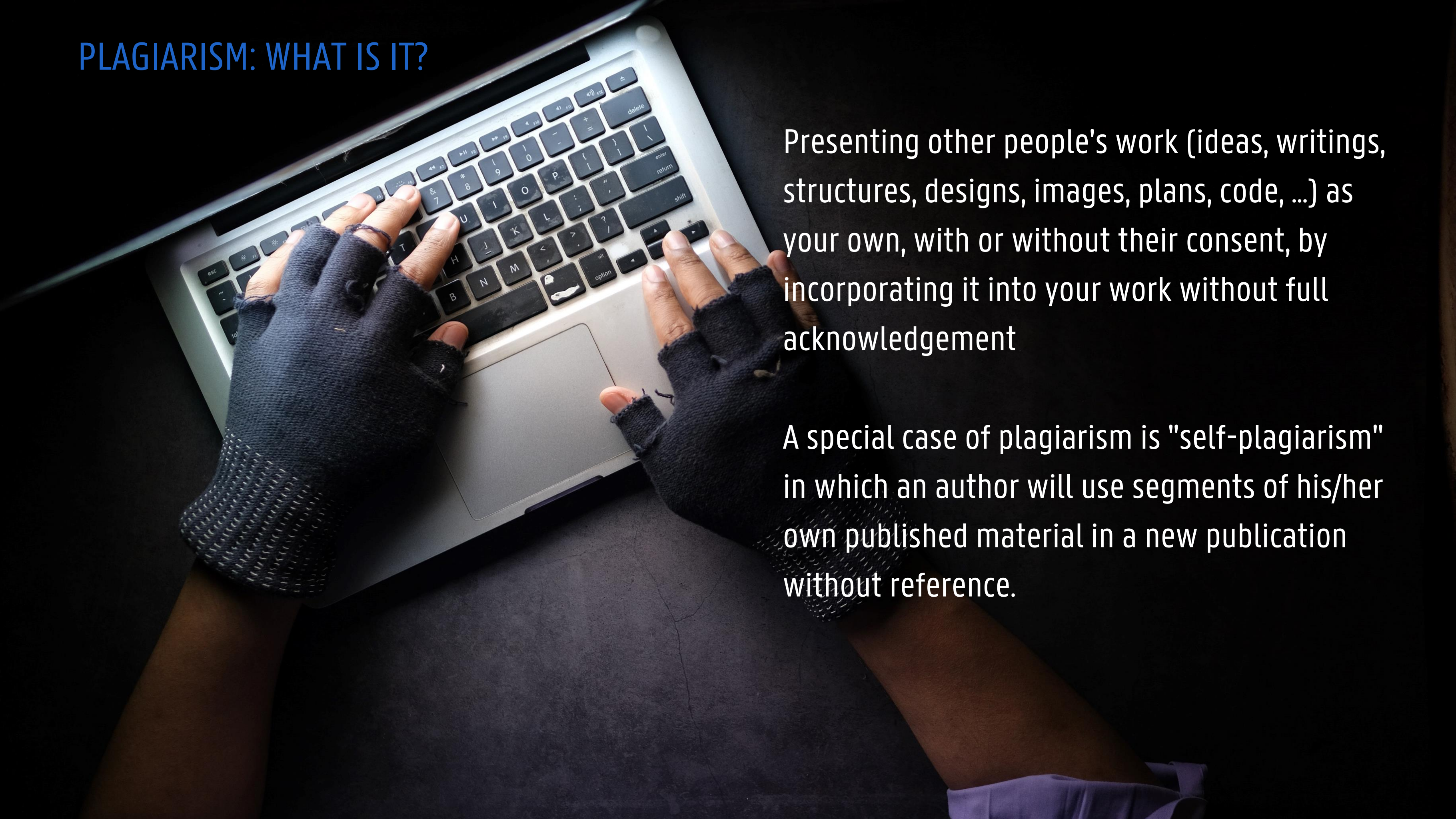
- Import of references
- Management of references
- Export of references
- Cite while you write
- (social features)



EndNote vs. Mendeley:

- EndNote desktop version is available through Athena (or locally on UGent PC for staff)
- Mendeley is not suitable for deduplication in the context of a systematic review
- EndNote desktop library is unlimited in number of records vs. max. 3000 PDFs in Mendeley Library
- Adding PDF to reference can be done in one step in Mendeley
- Extraction of meta-data from PDFs is less accurate in Mendeley
- More structure possible in Mendeley

PLAGIARISM: WHAT IS IT?

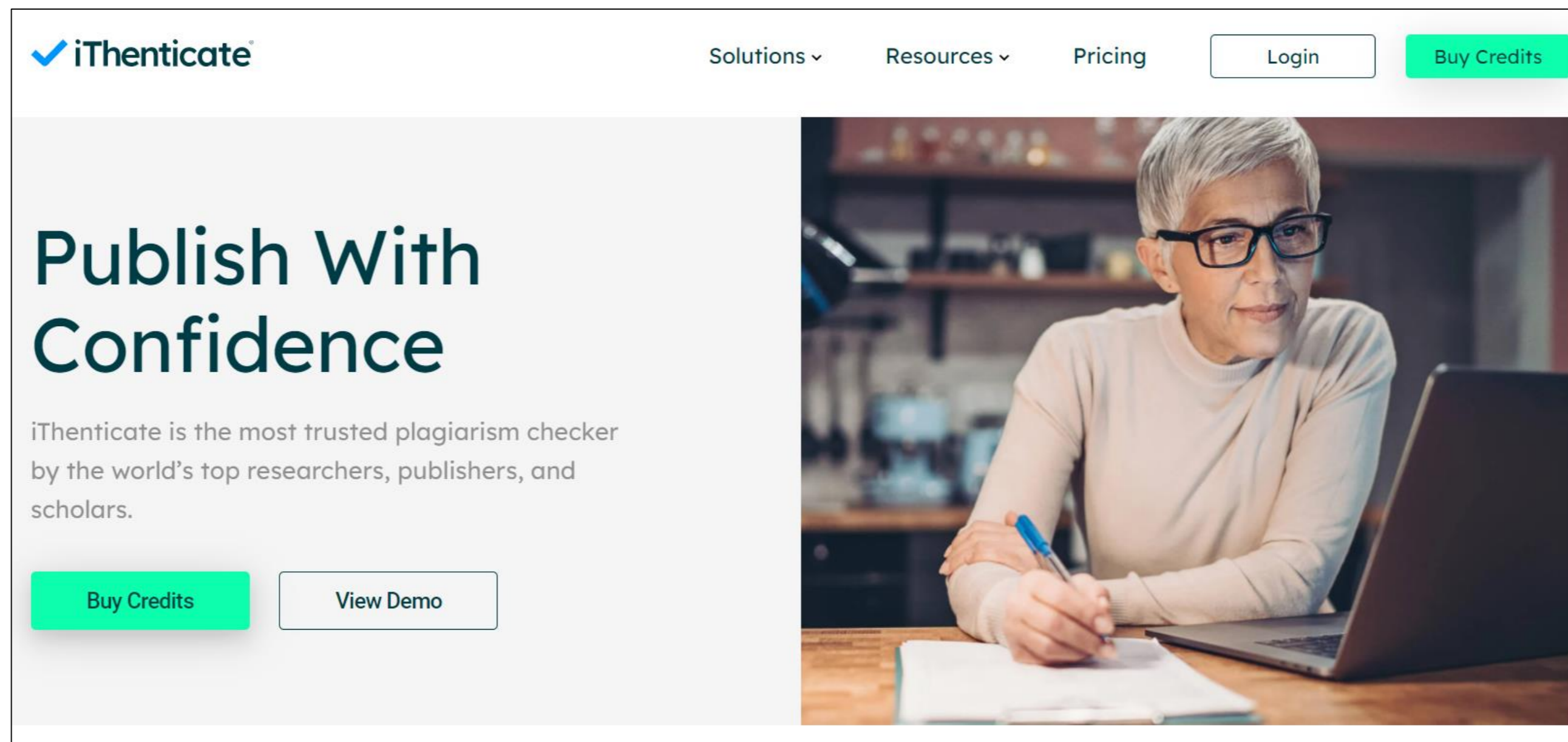
A high-angle, close-up photograph of a person's hands typing on a silver laptop keyboard. The person is wearing black, textured, fingerless gloves. The laptop is open, and the keyboard is the central focus. The background is dark and out of focus.

Presenting other people's work (ideas, writings, structures, designs, images, plans, code, ...) as your own, with or without their consent, by incorporating it into your work without full acknowledgement

A special case of plagiarism is "self-plagiarism" in which an author will use segments of his/her own published material in a new publication without reference.

PLAGIARISM: HOW DO PUBLISHERS/JOURNALS ASSIST IN DETECTION?

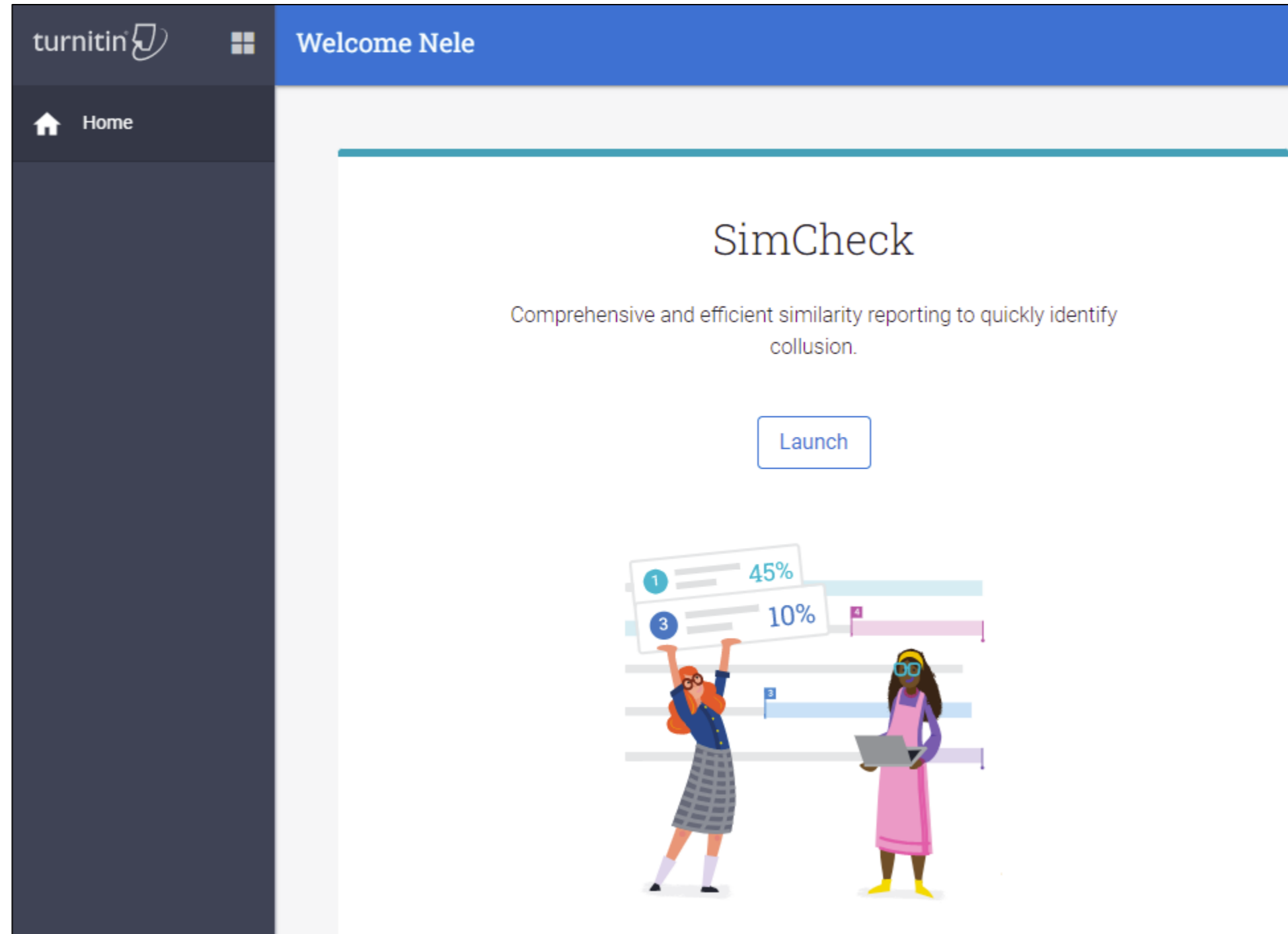
- Check for plagiarism by the journals
 - E.g. iThenticate or Turnitin used by Wolters Kluwer



The image shows a screenshot of the iThenticate website. The top navigation bar includes the iThenticate logo, a 'Solutions' dropdown menu, a 'Resources' dropdown menu, a 'Pricing' link, a 'Login' button, and a prominent green 'Buy Credits' button. The main content area features a large heading 'Publish With Confidence' and a sub-headline stating 'iThenticate is the most trusted plagiarism checker by the world's top researchers, publishers, and scholars.' Below this text are two buttons: a green 'Buy Credits' button and a white 'View Demo' button. To the right of the text is a photograph of a woman with short grey hair and glasses, wearing a white sweater, sitting at a desk and working on a laptop. She is holding a blue pen and looking towards the camera.

PLAGIARISM DETECTION TOOL AT UGENT

- Turnitin (SimCheck)
 - Available at Ufora or via ugent.turnitin.com



CHECKLIST BEFORE SUBMISSION

To do before submission	PLOS ONE as example
✓ Check whether your manuscript fits within the 'scope' of the journal.	criteria for publication , journal scope <i>PLOS ONE</i> does not consider presubmission inquiries.



PLOS ONE

Scope

Types of articles

PLOS ONE welcomes original research submissions from the natural sciences, medical research, engineering, as well as the... including:

...es to the base of scientific knowledge, including interdisciplinary, replication studies, and

...thods ensure the comprehensive and unbiased sampling of existing literature.

...ods, software, databases, or other tools that meet the [journal's criteria](#) for utility, validation

...res to appropriate study design and reporting guidelines.

Current Biology Log in 🔍 ☰

Presubmission Inquiries

The editors strongly encourage authors who are interested in submitting work for potential publication in *Current Biology* to send a presubmission inquiry prior to any formal manuscript submission. Presubmission inquiries should include a clear abstract and a cover note explaining the significance of the advance and the potential general interest to the broad readership of *Current Biology*.

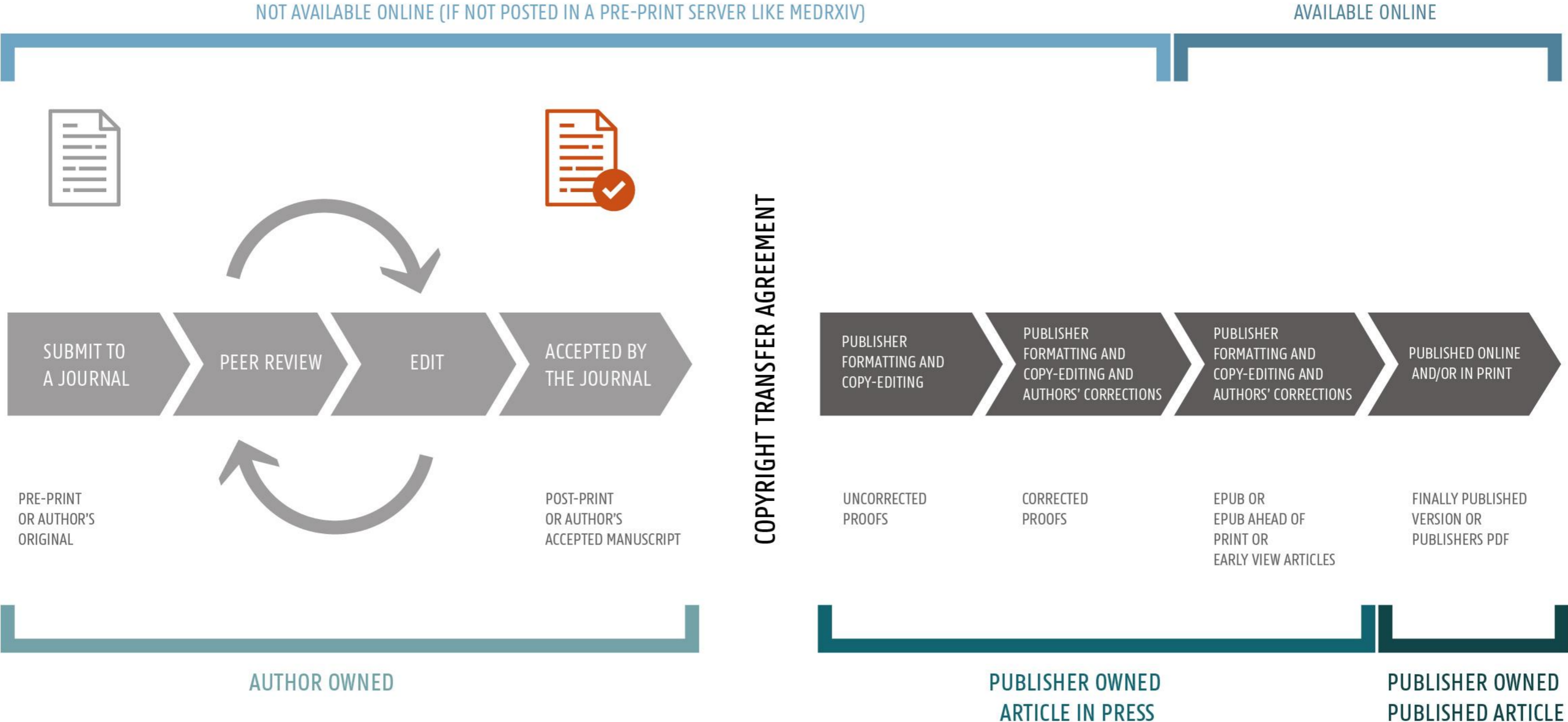
All presubmission inquiries should be sent by e-mail to cbiol@current-biology.com. We shall quickly let you know our thoughts on your paper's potential suitability for *Current Biology*. We will usually reply within 24 hours, though in some cases we may seek specialist advice. If you do not receive an acknowledgement of your presubmission inquiry from the editors within one working day, please resend your inquiry to cbiol@current-biology.com to request an acknowledgement or call +44 (0) 20 424 4200 to check that your inquiry has been received.

In the event of a positive response, we would invite you at that point to submit your manuscript online to *Current Biology's* Editorial Manager site.

CHECKLIST BEFORE SUBMISSION

To do before submission	PLOS ONE as example
✓ Check whether your manuscript fits within the 'scope' of the journal.	criteria for publication , journal scope <i>PLOS ONE</i> does not consider presubmission inquiries.
(✓ Identify potential editors)	see the list of Editorial Board members
✓ Read the 'journal policy'	review the editorial and publishing policies
✓ Prepare your data (and explain how you will share your data, if applicable)	read our policy on data availability.
✓ Confirm the author list and collect all information (e.g. full names (including initials), ORCID IDs, affiliations, e-mail address, possible conflicts of interest, author contribution and author order).	
✓ Read and apply the guidelines for style and format.	manuscript style and format
✓ Check whether your research meets the applicable reporting guidelines and adjust accordingly.	recommended reporting guidelines for different study types.
✓ Prepare 'disclosure of funding sources' and 'competing interests statements'	disclosure of funding sources ; competing interests
✓ Write a convincing cover letter	
✓ Read the 'license agreement'	PLOS applies the Creative Commons Attribution (CC BY) license to works we publish. Read our licenses and copyright policy.
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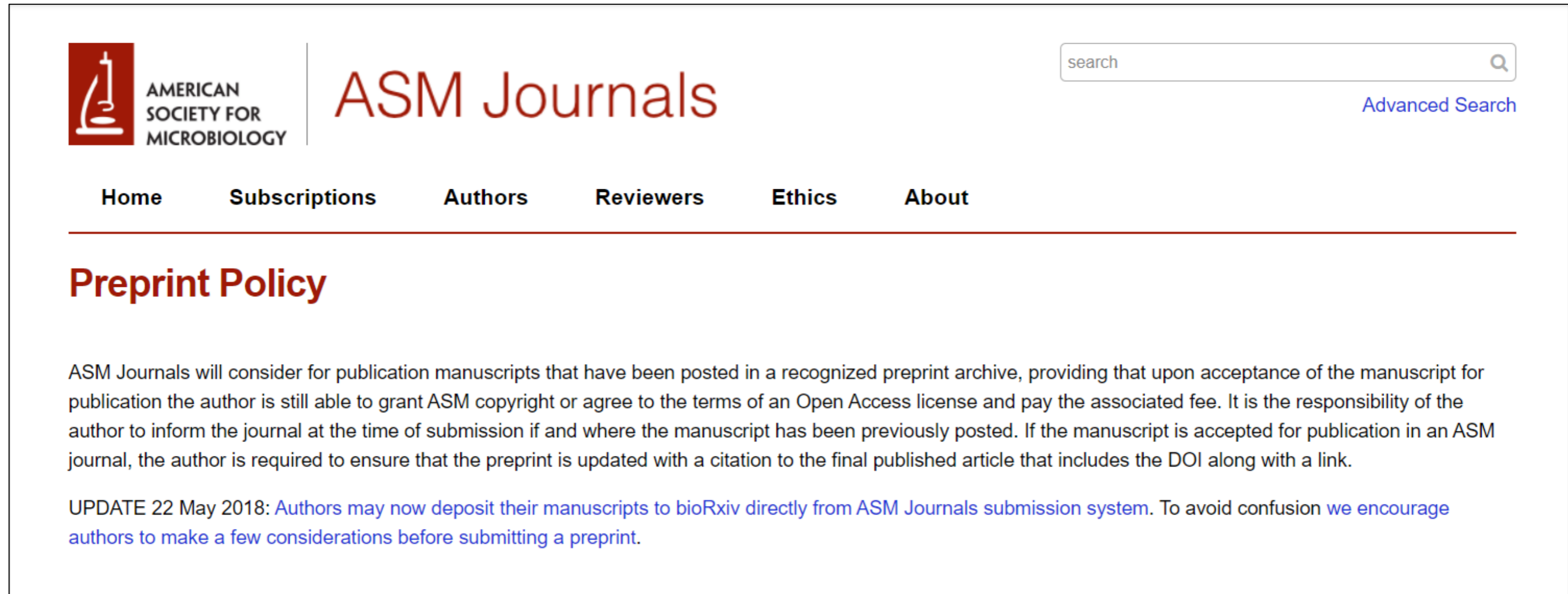
Title	Journal of Clinical Microbiology [English]
ISSNs	Print: 0095-1137 Electronic: 1098-660X
URL	http://jcm.asm.org/
Publishers	American Society for Microbiology [Society Publisher]

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Submitted Version	None Preprint Repository +

PREPRINT JOURNAL POLICY: EXAMPLE



The screenshot displays the top navigation bar of the ASM Journals website. On the left is the logo for the American Society for Microbiology, featuring a stylized microscope and the text "AMERICAN SOCIETY FOR MICROBIOLOGY". To the right of the logo is the "ASM Journals" title in a large, red, serif font. Further right is a search bar with the placeholder text "search" and a magnifying glass icon. Below the search bar is a link for "Advanced Search".

The main navigation menu consists of the following links: Home, Subscriptions, Authors, Reviewers, Ethics, and About. A horizontal red line is positioned below the navigation menu.

Preprint Policy

ASM Journals will consider for publication manuscripts that have been posted in a recognized preprint archive, providing that upon acceptance of the manuscript for publication the author is still able to grant ASM copyright or agree to the terms of an Open Access license and pay the associated fee. It is the responsibility of the author to inform the journal at the time of submission if and where the manuscript has been previously posted. If the manuscript is accepted for publication in an ASM journal, the author is required to ensure that the preprint is updated with a citation to the final published article that includes the DOI along with a link.

UPDATE 22 May 2018: [Authors may now deposit their manuscripts to bioRxiv directly from ASM Journals submission system.](#) To avoid confusion we encourage authors to make a few considerations before submitting a preprint.

EXPERIENCE WITH PREPRINT SERVERS @ GHENT UNIVERSITY (HOSPITAL)

Positive points:

- Articles receive a DOI: are findable, citable and indexable (e.g. grant proposals)
- Facilitates cooperation
- Direct transfer from MedRxiv to Journals (e.g. BMJ, The American Journal of Human Genetics, European Respiratory Journal, PLOS Medicine, etc.)
- Submission of pre-prints goes smoothly

— Negative points:

- A lot of SPAM
- Difficult input (special characters)

SELECT YOUR TARGET JOURNAL

ADVICE FOR RESEARCHERS: CHOOSING A JOURNAL



Are you submitting your research to a trusted journal or publisher?
Is it the right journal or book for your work?



Use our [check list](#) to assess the journal or publisher



Only if you can answer 'yes' to the questions on our [check list](#)

PREDATORY JOURNALS: WHAT ARE THEY?

- Predatory journals pretend to be a legitimate Open Access journal and charge Article Processing Charges (APCs) for publications without organizing proper editorial services and peer review.
- Publishing in these types of journals can result in reputational damage.



The screenshot shows a news article from the Dutch newspaper DeMorgen. The article is titled "Honderden Belgische onderzoekers publiceerden in 'neptijdschriften'" (Hundreds of Belgian researchers published in 'predatory journals'). The article is dated 10-08-18 and is by Remy Amkreutz and Barbara Debusschere. The article text states that hundreds of academics from Belgian universities and research institutions have published studies in predatory journals, often for a fee, without proper editorial services or peer review. The article includes a photo of a scientist in a lab coat and blue gloves holding a test tube. Social media sharing icons for Facebook, Twitter, and Email are visible on the right side of the article.

DeMorgen. Cult. Zine.
Muziek, film, tv, expo Interview, foto, lifestyle

NEPTIJDSCRIFTEN

Honderden Belgische onderzoekers publiceerden in 'neptijdschriften'

10-08-18, 17.41u - Remy Amkreutz en Barbara Debusschere - Bron: Eigen berichtgeving



© iStock 1

Honderden academici van Belgische universiteiten en onderzoeksinstituten hebben studies gepubliceerd in gekende rooftijdschriften, vaak ook 'neptijdschriften' genoemd. Zij publiceren artikels, doorgaans tegen betaling, zonder fatsoenlijke kwaliteitskeuring.



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Special Invitation for selected Authors

Aan  Nele Pauwels

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vr 24/09/2021 15:21
CN Cosimo Nardi <cosimo.nardi@unifi.it>
Fwd: Paper Invitation: [Applied Sciences] (IF: 2.679, ISSN: 2076-3417) - Special Issue "Imaging Techniques for Oral and Dental Appli

Aan  Yuan Frederic
 applsci@mdpi.com

Dear Dr. Nele S. Pauwels,

We hope your day was going great
In view of your past publications &
We are inviting researchers in any
We accept Case reports/ research,
Submissions received will undergo
submissions would be on or before
We look forward to hear a hopeful

Best Regards,

Jessica
Editorial Assistant

Journal of Human

ISSN Print : 20

Dear Nele S. Pauwels,

I am writing to you because your paper
Challenges and Approach from
your professionalism in the related

For promoting the journal's quality and international impact, I see
your **unpublished papers** to Journal of Humanities, Arts and So

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journal that is published, dedicated to increasing the depth of th
with the ultimate aim of expanding knowledge of different dis
and social sciences.

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Aan  Nele Pauwels

Dear Dr. Pauwels Nele S,

Greetings from [ProBiologists!](#)

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Authors may
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Best regards,
Mercy Eleano
Managing Edi
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J jhass@goit
Dear Nele S. P

Aan  Nele Pauwels
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Aan  Nele Pauwels
Cc  Informatics Editorial Office

Dear Dr. Pauwels,

/Informatics/ (ISSN 2227-9709, <http://www.mdpi.com/journal/informatics>)

is a peer-reviewed and open access journal. It is indexed by the Emerging Sources Citation Index (ESCI), DBLP Computer Science Bibliography and Scopus (2020 CiteScore 3.9). Manuscripts are peer-reviewed and a first decision provided to authors approximately 19 days after submission; acceptance to publication is undertaken in 3.7 days.

Based on your expertise and your following paper, we would like to invite you to make an excellent contribution to /Informatics/, Section 'Health Informatics' (https://www.mdpi.com/journal/informatics/sections/health_informatics).

Title:

Although Informatics requires a publication fee (1400 CHF), we have the right to invite scholar to enjoy a *free contribution*, and of course you will be one of the candidates if you accept. I hope that you can accept this invitation, and hopefully we can engage in future collaborations on "Health Informatics" Section. The deadline for submissions is 15 November 2021, but we can extend the submission deadline if you are willing to contribute.

If you are interested, please let us know as soon as possible. If you cannot contribute now, we welcome you to invite a senior colleague of yours to take advantage the free paper quota. Please provide the author's information for our records. We will arrange the waiver then.

Please do not hesitate to contact the Editorial Office <informatics@mdpi.com> for any further information.

I look forward to your reply.

Kind regards,
Weldon Luo
Managing Editor

News: Citescore of Informatics increased to 3.9 (2020)

RESEARCH PAPER MILLS: HOT TOPIC

Research paper mills are for-profit, unofficial and potentially illegal organizations that create and sell "products" ranging from research data to "ghost written" fraudulent manuscripts. They may also sell authorship to researchers once the article is accepted for publication.



The screenshot shows the COPE website home page. At the top, there is a navigation bar with the COPE logo (5 YEARS), links for "Guidance", "Member resources", and "About COPE", and a search bar. Below the navigation bar, the word "Home" is displayed. The main heading is "Potential paper mills" in a large, bold, gold-colored font. Below this, the article title "Potential 'paper mills' and what to do about them – a publisher's perspective" is shown in a bold, dark font. The article text begins with "A recent [COPE forum discussion](#) focused on the significant problem of 'paper mills'. This term describes the process by which manufactured manuscripts are submitted to a journal for a fee on behalf of researchers with the purpose of providing an easy publication for them, or to offer authorship for sale. The concerns with these submissions include faked or manipulated data/images, the use of stock images, substantial authorship changes, and plagiarism, which is not detected because it comes from a translated version of another article."



The screenshot shows a news feature article from Nature. The top navigation bar includes the "nature" logo and links for "Explore content", "About the journal", "Publish with us", and "Subscribe". Below the navigation bar, the breadcrumb trail reads "nature > news feature > article". The article is dated "23 March 2021" and is categorized as a "NEWS FEATURE". The main title is "The fight against fake-paper factories that churn out sham science" in a large, bold, black font. Below the title, the article text begins with "Some publishers say they are battling industrialized cheating. A *Nature* analysis examines the 'paper mill' problem – and how editors are trying to cope." The authors are listed as "Holly Else & Richard Van Noorden" in a smaller, blue font.

According to a report by Nature, thousands of papers in academic journals have been traced to paper mills in China, Iran and Russia.

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- Is the publisher or journal among the subscribers of the [Transparency & Openness Promotion Initiatief](#) (TOP)?
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– How do I select a journal in which to publish my article?

When choosing a journal for your publication, various factors come into play. Here you will find an overview of useful tools and sources to help make your selection.

Factors that (may) play a role when choosing the journal	Tools and sources
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Duration of the review process	SciRev
Reliability of the journal	Tips in the (re)search tip " Assess the quality of a scholarly journal "
Journal's areas of interest	Scopus : via Analyze search results you can (in Source) get an overview of journals that have already published in the area of your research question.
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BROWSE IN WEB OF SCIENCE


The screenshot shows the 'Master Journal List' page on the Web of Science platform. The header includes the Web of Science Group logo, navigation links for 'Search Journals', 'Match Manuscript', 'Downloads', and 'Help Center', and a user greeting 'Welcome, Nele Pauwels' with 'Settings' and 'Log Out' options. The main content area features a large heading: 'Browse, search, and explore journals indexed in the Web of Science'. Below this is a descriptive paragraph about the Master Journal List and its various specialty collections. A central white box contains a search input field with the placeholder 'Search Journal, ISSN or title word...' and a blue 'Search Journals' button. Below the search box is a section titled 'Already have a manuscript?' with an icon of a document and a blue arrow, and a 'Match Manuscript' button. At the bottom, a cookie policy banner is visible with 'Ok to Continue' and 'Cookie Policy' links.

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Browse, search, and explore journals indexed in the Web of Science

The *Master Journal List* is an invaluable tool to help you to find the right journal for your needs across multiple indices hosted on the *Web of Science* platform. Spanning all disciplines and regions, *Web of Science Core Collection* is at the heart of the *Web of Science* platform. Curated with care by an expert team of in-house editors, *Web of Science Core Collection* includes only journals that demonstrate high levels of editorial rigor and best practice. As well as the *Web of Science Core Collection*, you can search across the following specialty collections: *Biological Abstracts*, *BIOSIS Previews*, *Zoological Record*, and *Current Contents Connect*, as well as the *Chemical Information* products.

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Abstract
 Chronic obstructive pulmonary disease (COPD) is a progressive lung disease that is primarily caused by cigarette smoke (CS)-induced chronic inflammation. In this study, we investigated the function and mechanism of action of the long non-coding RNA (lncRNA) taurine-up-regulated gene 1 (TUG1) in CS-induced COPD. We found that the expression of TUG1 was significantly higher in the sputum cells and lung tissues of patients with COPD as compared to that in non-smokers, and negatively correlated with the percentage of predicted forced expiratory volume in 1 second. In addition, up-regulation of TUG1 was observed in CS-exposed mice, and knockdown of TUG1 attenuated inflammation and airway remodelling in a mouse model. Moreover, TUG1 expression was higher in CS extract (CSE)-treated human bronchial epithelial cells and lung fibroblasts, whereas inhibition of TUG1 reversed CSE-induced inflammation and collagen deposition in vitro. Mechanistically, TUG1 promoted the expression of dual-specificity phosphatase 6 (DUSP6) by sponging miR-145-5p. DUSP6 overexpression reversed TUG1 knockdown-mediated inhibition of inflammation and airway remodelling. These findings suggested an important role of TUG1 in the pathological alterations associated with CS-mediated airway remodelling in COPD. Thus, TUG1 may be a promising therapeutic target in CS-induced airway inflammation and fibroblast activation.

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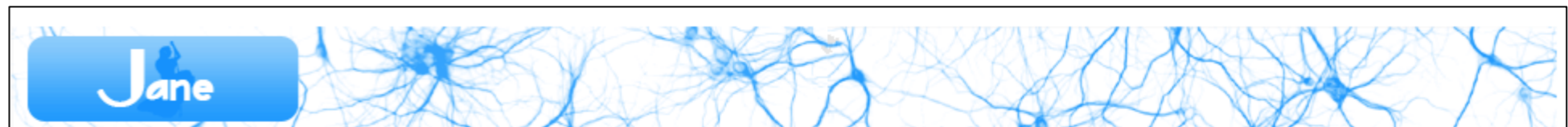
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Year	Respiratory Research	Plos One	American Journal Of Physiology Lung Cellular And Molecular Physiology	American Journal Of Respiratory Cell And Molecular Biology	American Journal Of Respiratory And Critical Care Medicine
2001	1	1	1	1	1
2002	1	1	1	1	1
2003	1	1	1	1	1
2004	1	1	1	1	1
2005	1	1	1	1	1
2006	1	1	1	4	1
2007	1	1	1	4	2
2008	1	1	1	3	1
2009	5	1	1	3	3
2010	1	1	1	3	3
2011	4	1	1	5	4
2012	3	1	7	4	3
2013	3	20	3	8	6
2014	4	14	7	4	4
2015	4	13	8	5	4
2016	2	7	11	2	4
2017	7	4	5	7	4
2018	4	4	4	3	4
2019	4	3	3	1	3

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PRENATAL DIAGNOSIS

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Impact factor: 3.050

2020 Journal Citation Reports (Clarivate Analytics): 97/175 (Genetics & Heredity) 31/83 (Obstetrics & Gynecology)

Online ISSN: 1097-0223



EDITION

Science Citation Index Expanded (SCIE)

CATEGORY

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97/175

JCR YEAR	JIF RANK	JIF QUARTILE	JIF PERCENTILE	
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2020	97/175	Q3	44.86	
2019	108/178	Q3	39.61	
2018	101/174	Q3	42.24	
2017	81/171	Q2	52.92	
2016	82/167	Q2	51.20	

EDITION

Science Citation Index Expanded (SCIE)

CATEGORY

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31/83

JCR YEAR	JIF RANK	JIF QUARTILE	JIF PERCENTILE	
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2020	31/83	Q2	63.25	
2019	29/82	Q2	65.24	
2018	28/83	Q2	66.87	
2017	22/82	Q2	73.78	
2016	25/80	Q2	69.38	

PLoS ONE

SciRev ratings (provided by authors) (based on 107 reviews)

Duration of manuscript handling phases [Click to compare](#)

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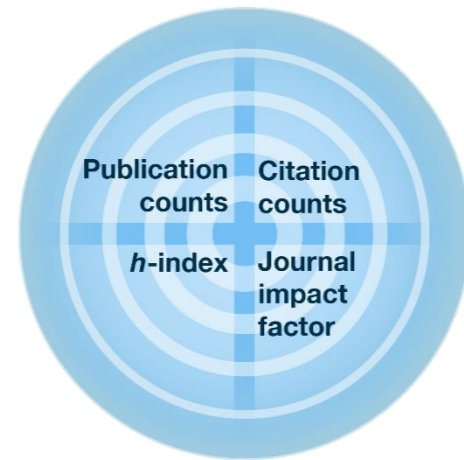
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Journal title (click to go to journal page)	Average duration			Review reports (1 st review rnd.)		Overall rating	Outcome	Year
	1 st rev. rnd	Tot. handling	Im. rejection	Number	Quality			
PLoS ONE	4.4 weeks	4.4 weeks	n/a	2	2 (moderate)	2 (moderate)	Rejected	2019
Motivation: The reviewer commented that the results are over-interpreted and the conclusions are not supported by data. However, the reviewer didn't offer reason.								
PLoS ONE	13.1 weeks	13.1 weeks	n/a	1	1 (bad)	1 (bad)	Rejected	2018
Motivation: I submitted my manuscript and the initial process was very slow. I got periodic responses that appeared to be automatic form letters and/or that they were having trouble finding an academic editor and reviewers. Eventually I received a rejection. However that decision was based on the comments from 1 reviewer and it was apparent that the paper was not read, nor were the comments about the content of the submission nor were the reasons for rejection, logical. Consequently I appealed the decision. That was a mistake because it took an additional 7 months to get a decision. I would get periodic emails apologizing for the delays indicating that a decision would come soon. Eventually following numerous email exchanges, I demanded that a decision be made. A week later the paper was rejected based on the opinion of one reviewer.. Having published numerous papers over the years I was disappointed but can accept the decisions. However no paper should take 10 months from submission to final decision, and one would expect that if reviews come back that are poor themselves, an additional reviewer would be identified.								
PLoS ONE	7.0 weeks	10.9 weeks	n/a	2	4 (very good)	4 (very good)	Accepted	2019
PLoS ONE	7.9 weeks	15.4 weeks	n/a	2	4 (very good)	4 (very good)	Accepted	2019
Motivation: I have seen comments stating that the Plos One editorial process is quite slow, but while it did								

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Traditional metrics



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Tools:



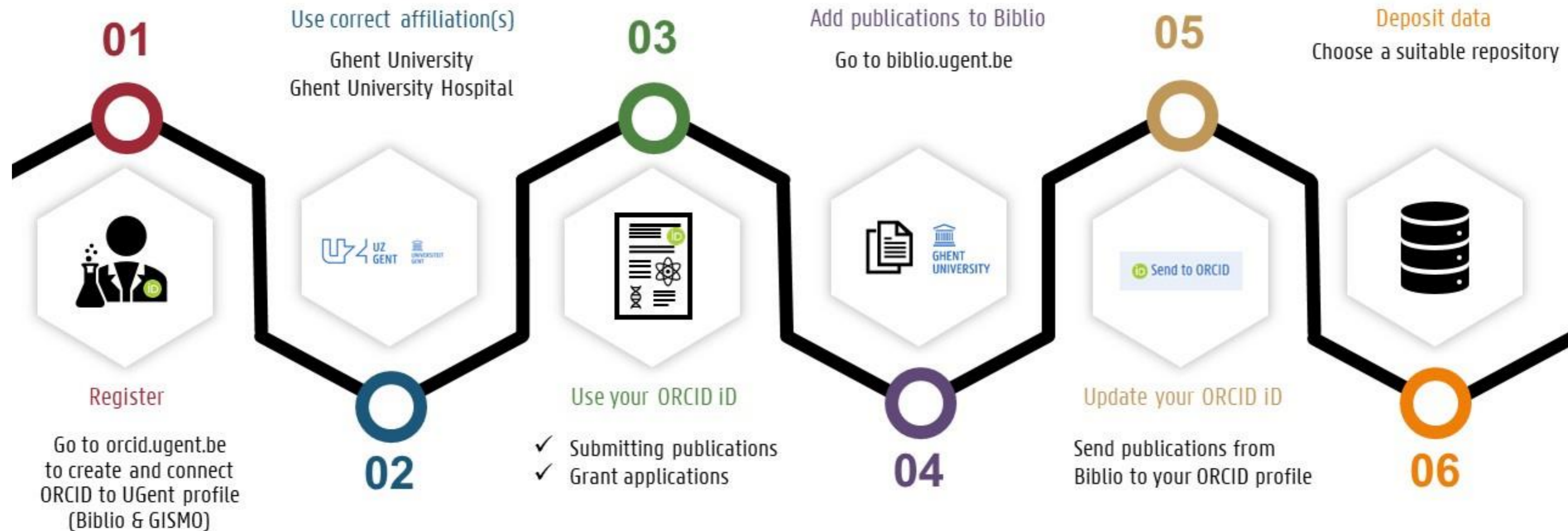
Next generation metrics



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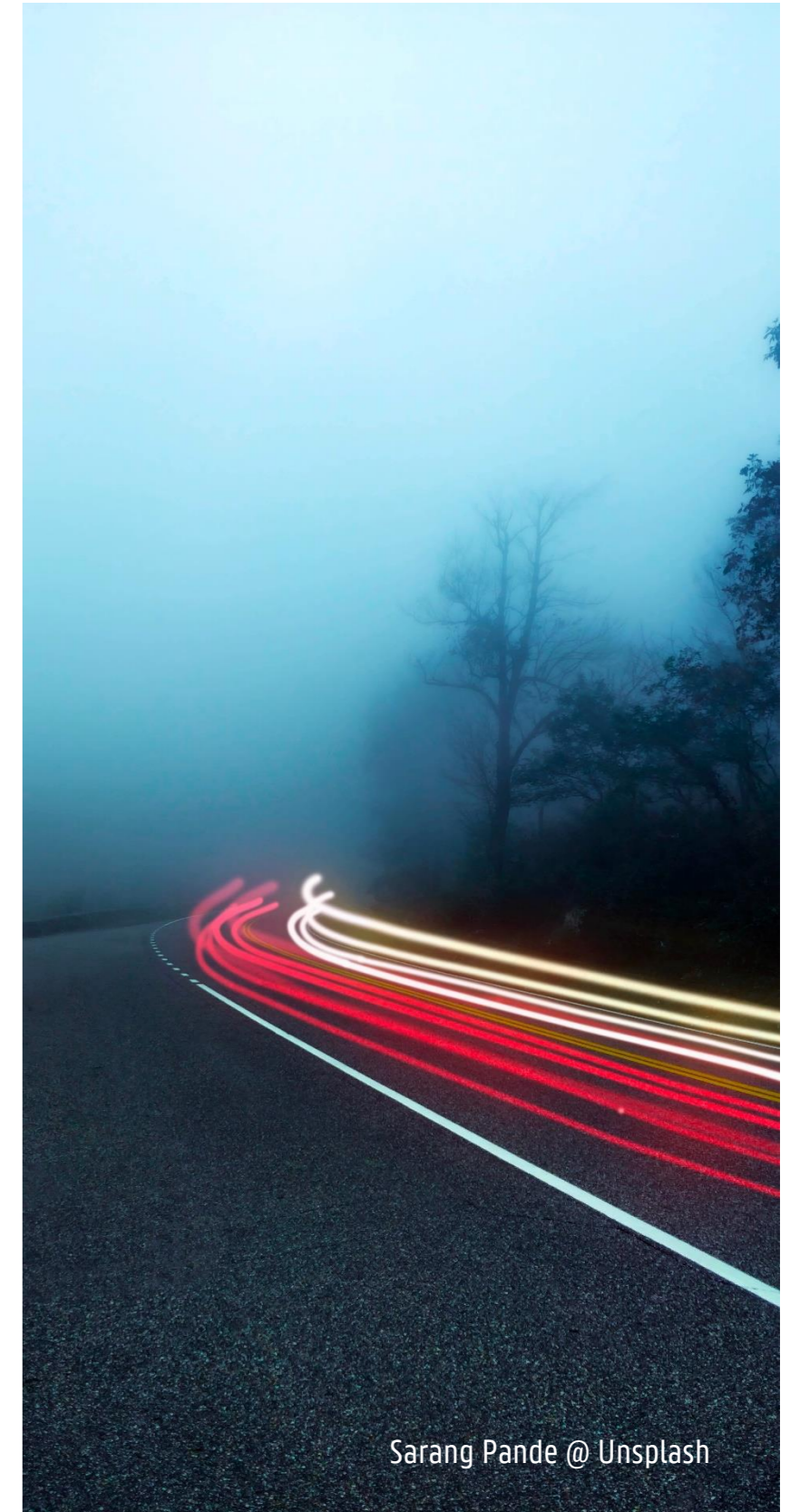


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Nele Pauwels

Information specialist

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